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(54)5 E 21 B 29/10

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ABTODENOS CBURE TEALCORO (SCCUP N. 907220 km E 21 6 29/02 1989

(54)/СОЕДИНЕНИЕ ПЛАСТЫРЕЙ ДЛЯ РЕмонта обсадных колонн

157) Использование при ремонте обсадных колони, и стключении нефтяных и газовых жкважин Буаниовте хрицевые цилиндриче-скиейчасти избасинови выполнемы с ответнеми выступамичи впадинами в оиде Кольцевых Конических унастков. Концевая часть выстреннай прубыльнитолнена с продольнаму прорезями длина которых мень ще лакно создененного участка. Наибражива толично концевых участков в SOHE SOHUEHERNA BPINITE ACH DO OUDED CUCH-HOMY COOTHOWEHUM . YVID.

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Mentilo Macoreterna abriation coxpane ние гразетичности соединения секций плаcrana docile ero pachaer anxi.

На фион представлень срединение секцимпластырконо филу - оекение наружной и внутренней секции в профильной их части: нафир 3 - сечение пластыря в месте их сов-. динения.

В обрадную колонну 1 спускаются секции пластыря: состоящие из наружной 2 и внутренней 3 секций продольно-гофрированных круб с ципиндрическим участком 4 в зоне сочлежения, осаженным до описанной окружности профильной части пластыря и имеющим толщину стенки 5 и 6, составляющую 2/3 или менее их толщины в профильной части.

На наружной сехции выполнены конические кольцевые канавки 7, а на внутренней - конические выступы в и продольные прорези 9.

Жаяжеготовления пластыря используют две трубные звестовки длиной по 9 метров. Их тофрируют по всей длине, оставляя непрогоффированными концевые участки длинай до 250 мм. Этот участок определяет даину сонденения наружной и внутренней секц пластыря при их сочленении. Цилиндрические концевые участки ээготовок протачивают, уменьшая их толщину. обеспечивающую условие S1/S2 ≤2/3. где S1 - толщина каждой стенки на участке их сочленения, а \$2 - толщина стенки продольно-гофрированных труб, причем на участке внутренней секции пластыря нарезают 3 конических выступа длиной до 70 мм с углом наклона около 10, а на участке наружной секции пластыря нарезают ответные для вы ступов конические канавии, в зациаления с



которыми они входят при сборке секций над устьем скважины.

После эхого вдоль образующей цилинарических участкое под углом 120° прорезаются три прорези шириной 2-3 мм. длиной не боле 200 км и отверстием диаметром 4-5 мм наукной части продези. что позвочасткой пруженные своистая концевототчасткой пробения своистая концево-

Пласірно і дефіновенся на устье скважи ны і д'язала на ідганує сорасциряющим интогрубанта в скважину в по удента в паснев цулиндрическої із в стра до падра за в паснев цулиндри і де стра на паснев цулиндри за стра в падра в п

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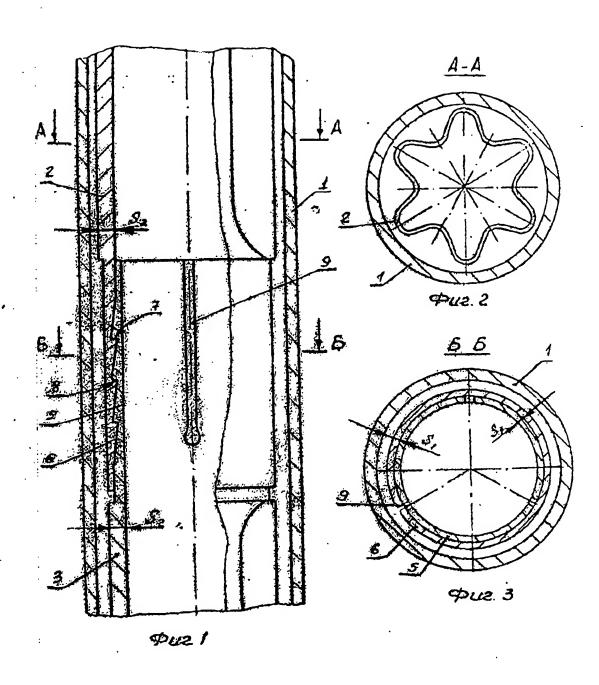
Формула изобретения

Соединение пластырей для ремонта обсадных коломи, включающее сочлененные посредством ответных выступсв и впадии цилиндрические концевые участки продольно гофрированных труб, о т л и ч а ю щ е е ся тем, что, стелью сохранения герметичности соединения после его распрессовки, выголивым впадины на концевых участкох участком впадины на концевых участкох участком три этом концевая часть внутренней трубжений нена с продолеными прорезовая дляна которых меньше длины соупенсийся участка, в толщина стенки участкой сонленения выбирается из соотношенка.

$$\frac{S_{\ell}}{S_0} \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

пребот попирна каждой стенки на участке Жескиенения:

S2 — толицина стенки продольно-гофри-30 прованивых труб.



Редактор	Техред М.Моргентал	Корректор Л.Ливринц
Заказ 1074 ВЖИИПИ Госуда	Тираж рственного комитета по изобрет 113035, Москва, Ж-35, Раушо	Подписное гениям и открытиям при ГКНТ СССР кая наб., 4/5

Union of Soviet Socialist [state seal] Republics

USSR State Patent Office (GOSPATENT SSSR)

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PATENT SPECIFICATION

- (21) 4862860/03
- (22) June 25, 1990
- (46) March 28, 1993, Bulletin No. 11
- (71) All-Union Scientific-Research and Planning Institute of Well Casing and **Drilling Muds**
- (72) A. T. Yarysh, V. G. Nikitchenko, M. L. Kisel'man, and V. A. Mishchenko (73) [illegible]
- (56) US Patent No. 2017451, cl. 285-37 (1935).

USSR Inventor's Certificate No. 907220, cl. E 21 B 39/[illegible] (1980) [illegible].

[vertically along right margin]

(11) **1804543** (19) **SU A3** (54) CONNECTION OF PATCHES FOR REPAIR OF CASINGS

(57) Use: In repair of casings and shut-in of oil and gas wells.

Essence: Terminal cylindrical portions of the patch are made with reciprocal ridges and grooves in the form of circular conic sections. The terminal portion of the inner tube is made with longitudinal slots, the length of which is less than the length of the joined portion. The greatest thickness of the terminal sections in the joining zone is selected according to a certain ratio. 3 drawings.

The invention relates to operation of oil and gas wells, in particular to connection of corrugated patches that can be used in repair of casings and shut-in of oil and gas formations.

The aim of the invention is to maintain leaktight sealing of the connection of patch sections after pressing.

Fig. 1 shows the connection of the patch sections; Fig. 2 shows a cross section of the outer and inner sections of the shaped portion; Fig. 3 shows a cross section of the patch where they are joined.

Patch sections are lowered into casing 1 that consist of outer 2 and inner 3 sections of longitudinally corrugated tubes with cylindrical portion 4 in the joining zone, swaged to the diameter of the described circumference of the shaped part of the patch and having wall thickness 5 and 6, equal to 2/3 or less of their thickness in the shaped part.

Circular conical grooves 7 are made in the outer section, while conical ridges 8 are made in the inner section.

Two tube blanks of length 9 meters each are used to make the patch. They are corrugated over the entire length, leaving uncorrugated the terminal portions, of length up to 250 mm. This portion determines the joining length of the outer and inner sections of the patch when they are joined together. The cylindrical terminal portions of the blanks are lathed, reducing their thickness, ensuring the condition $S_1/S_2 \le 2/3$, where S_1 is the thickness of each wall in their joining portion, and S_2 is the wall thickness for the longitudinally corrugated tubes, where 3 conical ridges of length up to 70 mm with tilt angle of about 1° are cut in a portion of the inner patch section, and cut in a portion of the outer patch section are conical grooves reciprocal to the ridges [illegible]

which they are inserted in assembling the sections above the wellhead.

After this, along the generatrix of the cylindrical portions at an angle of 120°, three slots are cut of width 2-3 mm, length no greater than 200 mm, and a hole of diameter 4-5 mm is cut in the lower portion of the slot, which makes it possible to enhance the elastic properties of the terminal portion of the inner section.

The patch is assembled at the wellhead. First, inner section 3 of the patch is lowered downhole, cylindrical portion facing upward, on a rod with an expander tool, and then section 2 is forced downward onto its cylindrical portion. This becomes possible because of the presence of longitudinal slots 9 in the inner section. As a result, conical grooves 7 of the outer section and conical ridges 8 of the inner section lock together, [illegible] joining, eliminating axial movement of the sections relative to each other.

The assembled patch sections are lowered to the location of the damage to the string to be repaired, and are expanded [illegible] by the coring device until they are in close contact with the casing wall.

Use of the proposed patch connection makes it possible to seal off the damaged zone

of casings, ensuring leaktightness of the connection of the sections after they are pressed in during downhole repair and isolation operations.

Claim'

A connection of patches for repair of casings, including cylindrical terminal portions of longitudinally corrugated tubes joined by means of reciprocal ridges and grooves, distinguished by the fact that, with the aim of keeping the connection leaktight after it is pressed in, the ridges and grooves on the terminal portions are implemented in the form of circular conic sections, where the terminal portion of the inner tube is implemented with longitudinal slots, the length of which is less than the length of the joined portion, and the wall thickness in the joining portions is selected from the relationship

$$\frac{\underline{S_1}}{S_2} \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

where S₁ is the thickness of each wall in the portion where they are joined; S₂ is the wall thickness for the longitudinally corrugated tubes.

[see Russian original for figure] A A A Fig. 2 B B [see Russian original for figure] B B Fig. 1 Fig. 3

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AFFIDAVIT OF ACCURACY

I, Kim Stewart, hereby certify that the following is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true and accurate translations performed by professional translators of the following Patents and Abstracts from Russian to English:

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PAGE 2
AFFIDAVIT CONTINUED
(Russian to English Patent/Abstract Translations)

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Sworn to before me this 9th day of October 2001.

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